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### JIPMER 2002 MEMORY BASED QUESTIONS

- The most common pathogenic mechanism of acute pancreatitis is
  - Auto digestion of the pancreas.
- What does the nurse monitors for, in a patient with Acute Renal Failure?
   Pulmonary edema and ECG changes.
- 3. A disease caused by Treponemapallidum is *Syphilis.*
- 4. Which of the following is an important nursing intervention for a patient with Cushing Syndrome?
  - (a) Left Middle Cerebral Artery
  - (b) Observe for hypotension
  - (c) Protect from infection
  - (d) Restrict carbohydrate intake.

Ans: Protect from infection.

- 5. Involvement of which of the following structures will lead to right-sided hemiplegia and aphasia?
  - (a) Left Middle Cerebral Artery
  - (b) Vertebral Artery
  - (c) Brain stem
  - (d) Right Middle Cerebral Artery.

Ans: Left Middle Cerebral Artery

- 6. Which one of the following is a common response expected in a patient with stroke, to the change in body image?
  - (a)Denial
- (b) Dis association
- (c) Delusion
- (d) Depression.

Ans: Depression.

- 7. A patient with early osteoporosis must be advised to-Stop smoking
- 8. For doing nasotracheal suctioning, during which of the following patient activities, the catheter should be inserted?
  - (a)Swallowing
- (b) Inhaling
- (c) Exhaling Ans: Inhaling
- (d) Retching
- 9. The simple most effective method for reducing the risks of stasis of pulmonary secretions is—

  Two hourly position change.
- 10. What is cyanosis?

Blue discoloration of skin.

11. The period from conception to birth is denoted as –

Prenatal

- 12. Role of nursing is "having charge of somebody's health" Whose vision is this? Florence Nightingale
- 13. Which of the following developmental stage corresponds to infancy?
  - (A) Trust Vs Mistrust
  - (b) Autonomy Vs Shame
  - (c) Initiative Vs Guilt
  - (d) Industry Vs Inferiority.

Ans: Trust Vs Mistrust

14. Who proposed the nursing theory of self-care deficit?

Dorothea orem

- 15. The head circumference of a normal infant is 33-35 cm
- The leading cause of death in adolescence is Accidents
- The legal definition of 'death' that facilitates organ donation is, cessation of Function of brain
- The body temperature at which tissues and cells can best function is 36-38°C
- Men have a higher Basal Metabolic Rate because, their body contains more-Testosterone
- 20. The mechanism by which body loses heat to the environment, without having direct contact is --?

Radiation

- 21. Which of the following structures controls heat loss?
  - (a) Anterior pituitary
  - (b) Posterior pituitary
  - (c) Posterior hypothalamus
  - (d) Anterior hypothalamus
- 22. Exposure of the body to subnormal temperature can lead to ...

  Frost-bite
- 23. What is the effect of an antipyretic? Reduce fever
- 24. The volume of blood pumped by the heart during one minute is called....

  Cardiac output
- 25. What is the normal pulse rate of an infant? 120-160
- 26. The phase of respiration in which gases move in and out of the lungs is .... Ventilation
- What is the normal partial pressure of carbon dioxide in arterial blood? (mm Hg)
   35-45
- 28. What is the equipment that indirectly measures arterial oxygen saturation? *Pulse Oximeter*
- 29. What is the term used to denote regular, abnormally slow respirations?

  Bradypnea
- 30. What technique of assessment helps to determine ketoacidosis?

  Olfaction
- 31. Inflammation of skin at base of nail is? *Paronychia*
- 32. The condition in which both eyes do not focus on an object simultaneously is known as? Strabismus
- 33. The most effective way to break the chain of infection is by?

  Hand hygiene

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- 34. How many drops in a standard drip set makes one ml.? 15
- 35. The prescription orders 0.125 mg digoxin orally. Tablets containing 0.25 mg is available. How many tablets will you administer?
- 36. A patient who is receiving intravenous fluids develops tenderness, warmth, erythema and pain at the infusion site. Which of the following conditions will you suspect?
  - (a) Sepsis
- (b) Infiltration
- (c) Fluid overload Ans. Phlebitis
- (d) Phlebitis
- 37. When providing oral hygiene to an unconscious patient, care must be taken to prevent? Aspiration
- 38. What is the intrinsic rate of the normal A-V node?
  - 40-60 per minute
- 39. Which of the following structures is the pacemaker of the heart?
  - (a) S-A node
- (b) Septum
- (c) A-V node Ans: S-A node
- (d) Bundle of His
- 40. The prescription is for two tablespoons of milk of magnesia. How many ml. will you give?
- 41. Which of the following is intravascular fluid?
  - (a) Lymph
- (b) Pleural fluid
- (c) Plasma Ans: Plasma
- (d) Synovial fluid
- 42. If the serum potassium level is less than normal, the condition is known as -Hypokalemia
- 43. What electrolyte abnormality is likely to develop in a patient with vomiting? Hvpokalemia
- 44. How much sodium is normally present in the extra cellular fluid? (inMEq/1) 135-145
- 45. What is the primary cause of hyperkalemia? Renal failure
- 46. Which of the following is an isotonic solution? (a)Lactated Ringers
  - (b) Half -Normal Saline
  - (c) One-third Normal Saline
  - (d) Mannitol
  - Ans: Lactated Ringers
- 47. Thousand ml. of Normal Saline is to be infused in 8 hours. What should be the rate of flow per minute? 30 drops
- 48. A patient admitted with vomiting, has the following arterial blood gas levels-pH 7.30; PaCO2 36 mm Hg; Pa O2 92mm Hg; and HCO3 18; what is the acid-base imbalance that is present? Metabolic acidosis

- 49. Which of the following is a first-line drug used for pain management?
  - (a)Acetaminophen
- (b) Clonidine
- (c) Morphine
- (d) Ketamine
- Ans: Acetaminophen
- 50. Which of the following is the organism that causes peptic ulcer disease?
  - (a) Staphylococcus
- (b) Corvne bacterium
- (c) Helicobacter pylori (d) Streptococcus.

Ans: Helicobacter pylori

- 51. Which of the following nutrients helps for tissue repair?
  - (a)Vitamin
- (b) Fat
- (c) Carbohydrate
- (d) Protein

Ans: Protein

- urine Microscopic examination of elevated levels of red blood cells. What does it indicate?
  - Damage to Glomeruli.
- Which of the following patient activities helps to relax the external anal sphincter, while administering enema?
  - (a) Separating the buttocks
  - (b) Lubricating the catheter tip
  - (c)Inserting the catheter slowly
  - (d) Breathing out through the mouth.
  - Ans: Breathing out through the mouth.
- What length of the catheter tip should be inserted into the rectum, for giving enema to an adult patient?
  - Z.5-10 cm
- The stool discharged from an ostomy is called? Effluent
- 56. Which of the following is the best method to confirm placement of the nasogastric tube:
  - (a) Checking patient's ability to talk
  - (b) Aspiration of intestinal content
  - (c) Introducing air and auscultating
  - (d) X-ray of chest and abdomen
  - Ans: X-ray of chest and abdomen
- 57. Which of the following is a common cause of orthostatic hypotension in a bedridden Patient? (a)Increased autonomic response
  - (b) Decreased circulating blood volume
  - (c) Increased cardiac output
  - (d) Decreased blood pooling
  - Ans: Decreased circulating blood volume.
- 58. Which of the following body parts has a condyloid joint?
  - (a) Shoulder
- (b) Elbow
- (c) Wrist
- (d) Forearm
- Ans: Wrist
- 59. Who was the first president of the International Council of Nurses? Fenwick
- 60. Which of the following minerals should be taken by a child suffering from rickets?
  - (a)Potassium
- (b) Calcium
- (c) Sodium
- (d) Iron

Ans: Calcium

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- 61. Who introduced antiseptic spray during surgery? Joseph Lister
- 62. A large infection made up of several boils is known as: Carbuncle
- 63. Which of the following drugs be administered to treat anaphylaxis?
  - (a) Atropine
  - (b) Sodium bicarbonate
  - (c) Digoxin
  - (d) Epinephrine

Ans: Epinephrine

- 64. Which of the following is a vesicant drug?
  - (a)Dactinomycin
- (b) Morphine
- (c) Azithrocin
- (d) Voveran

Ans: Dactinomycin

- 65. Pain caused by damage to somatic tissue is known as -Nociceptive
- 66. Which of the following immunoglobulin are responsible for anaphylactic reactions?
  - (a) IgA
- (b) IgE (d) IgG
- (c) IgM

Ans: IgE

- 67. The separation and disruption of previously joined wound edges is termed as? Dehiscence
- 68. What types of dressing is Duoderm? Hvdrocolloid.
- 69. The role of the complement system in opsonization affects which response of the inflammatory process? Cellular.
- 70. Contractures frequently occur after burn healing because of ....?

Excess fibrous tissue formation.

- 71. Association between HLA antigens and diseases is most commonly found in what disease conditions? Autoimmune diseases.
- 72. What is the most common cause of secondary immunodeficiencies? Drugs
- 73. If a person is having an acute rejection of a transplanted organ, which of the following drugs would most likely to be used? (a)Tacrolimus
- (b) Cyclosporine
- (c) Cellcept
- (d) Daclizumab.

Ans: Daclizumab.

- 74. The primary difference between benign and malignant neoplasm is the .... Characteristic of tissue invasiveness.
- 75. If the blood plasma has a higher osmolality than the fluid within a red blood cell, the mechanism involved in equalizing the fluid concentration is? Osmosis.

- 76. Which of the following symptoms should be watched for in a patient receiving a loop diuretic?
  - (a)Restlessness and agitation
  - (b) Paresthesias.
  - (c)Increased blood pressure
  - (d)Weak irregular pulse.

Ans: Weak irregular pulse.

- 77. Which of the following should be watched for in a patient who has just undergone a total thyroidectomy?
  - (a)Weight gain
  - (b) Depressed reflexes
  - (c) Positive chvostek sign
  - (d) Personality changes.

Ans: Positive chvostek sign

- Which of the following surgical procedures involves removal of a body organ'
  - (a) Tracheostomy
  - (b) Laparotomy
  - (c) Mammoplasty
  - (d) Mastectomy.

Ans: Mastectomy.

- The cause of arcussenilis is? Cholesterol deposits.
- 80. What is the cause of presbyopia? Inflexible lens.
- 81. The most appropriate technique to assess skin for temperature and moisture is ....
- Complete absence of melanin pigment in patchy areas on a patient's hand is described as .....

Vitiligo

- What instruction will you give to a patient after a chemical peel? Avoid sun exposure
- 84. Childhood atopic dermatitis is commonly seen in which body area? Antecubital space.
- 85. Which of the following parameters is commonly used to assess adequacy of fluid replacement in a patient with burns? Urine output.
- 86. Which of the following is an earliest manifestation of inadequate oxygenation?
  - (a) Diaphoresis
- (b) Cyanosis
- (c) Restlessness
- (d) Hypotension

Ans: Restlessness

- 87. A diagnostic procedure which involves removal of pleural fluid for analysis is: Thoracentesis.
- 88. Which of the following helps to identify flail chest in a patient with chest trauma:
  - (a) Multiple rib fractures seen in X-ray. (b)Decreased movement of chest wall
  - (c)Tracheal deviation
  - Paradoxic chest movement during respiration.

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Ans: Paradoxic chest movement during respiration.

- 89. Which of the following is an intervention for a patient with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease?
  - (a) Pursed-lip breathing
  - (b) Chronic steroid therapy
  - (c) High flow oxygen
  - (d) High Carbohydrate diet

Ans: Pursed-lip breathing

- 90. Which of the following is a normal finding obtained during a lymph node palpation?
  - (a) Hard, fixed node
  - (b) Firm, mobile node
  - (c) Enlarged tender nodes
  - (d)Hard, nontender nodes

Ans: Firm, mobile node

- 91. Which is the most common type of leukemia seen in older adults? Chronic lymphocytic.
- 92. The blood vessel that brings blood to the right atrium is ....

Inferior Venae Cavae

- 93. Which of the following conditions is caused by elevated intra ocular pressure?
  - (a)Glaucoma
- (b) Cataract
- (c) Strabismus
- (d) Myopia.

Ans: Glaucoma.

- 94. Which of the following is the most common pathologic finding in individuals at risk for sudden cardiac death?
  - (a)Aortic valve disease
  - (b) Mitral valve disease
  - (c) Left ventricular dysfunction
  - (d) Atherosclerotic heart disease Ans: Atherosclerotic heart disease
- 95. Which of the following is contraindication for the use of fibrinolytic therapy?
  - (a) Current use of anticoagulants
  - (b) Severe liver disease
  - (c) Suspected aortic dissection
  - (d) Active peptic ulcer disease

Ans: Suspected aortic dissection

- 96. Which of the following drugs provide relief of anxiety and decreases both preload and after load?
  - (a) Amrinone
- (b) Morphine sulphate
- (c) Furosemide
- (d)Dobutamine

Ans Morphine sulphate

- 97. In a normal sinus rhythm, the measurement of an S.T.segment is .....? 0.12 seconds
- 98. The ECG monitor of a patient admitted with myocardial infarction shows ventricular bigeminy. What is the nurse's responsibility in this situation?

Assess the patient's response

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99. What is the usual treatment of Rayanaud's Phenomenon?

Calcium Channel blockers.

100. A patient is admitted with a diagnosis of diarrhea with dehydration. What could be the cause of increased peristalsis resulting in diarrhea?

Parasympathetic stimulation

